Point & Suspension System For Natural Resource Violations

South Carolina law has established suspension systems based upon the accumulation of points assessed upon convictions of natural resource laws. The Game and Fish Point System addresses violations inland of the saltwater/freshwater dividing line and if suspended under this system, a person cannot hunt, fish, gather, trap, land, or pursue game, fish, crustaceans, or shellfish in the State (including coastal waters out to the three mile limit). The Coastal Fisheries Point System addresses violations within the coastal waters of the State. The point categories for assessments are recreational and commercial. Points are assessed according to the appropriate category. Upon accumulation of 18 or more points in the recreational or commercial categories, a persons privileges to fish, gather, land, attempt to take, or possess fish, shellfish, or crustaceans within the coastal waters for the purposes of the affected category, either recreational or commercial will be suspended. Suspensions under the Coastal Fisheries Point System do not effect inland freshwater fishing privileges except for shad, herring, and sturgeon which are regulated by coastal laws inland of the saltwater/freshwater dividing line.

Each time a person is convicted of a violation listed in the point systems, the Department shall assess the points against the persons record. Half of the points on record are reduced for each full year in which the person receives no points. The Department of Natural Resources shall suspend the privileges of any person who has accumulated eighteen (18) or more points.

In addition to these point suspensions, South Carolina law also mandates many suspensions for specific violations of law. These suspensions are called "statutory suspensions" and are mandatory if convicted of such a violation. See Table C for some specific examples of statutory suspensions.

Note:

- A violation of natural resources law while under suspension may result in additional suspensions of one year to five years.
- The purchase or procurement of a license, permit, stamp, or tag allowing suspended privileges while under suspension is a fraudulent purchase and is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of up to \$1,025.00 and an additional one year suspension of hunting and fishing privileges.
- Failure to pay fines or restitutions may result in suspension of privileges.

Table A: Game & Fish

1. Resisting arrest by force, violence, or weapons against the person of any law enforcement officer enforcing natural re-2. Attempting escape after arrest14 3. Hunting or fishing in a state 4. Hunting, fishing, or trapping out Using a borrowed or altered hunting or fishing license, permit, stamp, or 7. Taking more than the legal limit of game or fish8 8. Hunting or fishing without a proper license, permit, stamp, or tag 6 Trespassing to hunt, fish, or trap 10 Violation of WMA regulations (including private land deer regulations in game zones 1,2, and 4..8 11. Unlawful hunting, taking, possessing, or selling alligators14 12. Killing or attempting to kill or molest deer from a motorboat14 13. Night hunting deer or bear18 14. Unlawful transportation of furs or hides and possession of untagged 15. Trapping quail or turkeys10 16. Unlawful hunting over bait8 17. Unlawful killing or possession of anterless deer14 18. Unlawful night hunting other game, except deer or bear, or hunting during prohibited or after hours8 Unlawful possession of buckshot5 Hunting migratory birds with an unplugged gun4 Killing or possession of wild turkey 22. Killing or possession of a hen turkey during the spring gobbler season ...14 23. Roost shooting turkey between one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise18 24. Shooting (taking or killing) turkey

25. Hunting turkey over bait

28. Shooting (taking or killing)

waterfowl over bait10

one waterfowl over the legal limit . . . 15

27. Hunting waterfowl over bait 10

29. Hunting waterfowl out of season ...15

30. Taking or possession of more than

- 33. Taking game or fish in any illegal manner not specifically mentioned elsewhere in the point systems8

NOTE: Some examples of Item 33 are; a. Taking game while in possession of lead shot while hunting for waterfowl;

- b. Possession of undersize freshwater fish;
- c. Taking fish with too many devices;
- d. Taking game while unlawfully hunting deer/waterfowl within 300 yards of a residence;
- e. Killing bird of prey (Hawks, Kites, Vultures, Kestrels, Owls, or Falcons);
- f. Killing/possession of nongame birds;
- g. Taking fish while violating specific freshwater nongame fishing laws such as illegal bait on trotlines or set hooks, unmarked devices, or unlawful areas;
- h. Taking game while jump shooting waterfowl or rails;
- Taking game while violating specific trapping laws such as unmarked or unlawful traps, checking traps at night, failure to check traps, or failure to report as required.

Other less common examples are, but are not limited to, transport/possession of deer with detached head, unlawful transfer of untagged migratory birds, taking fish in closed areas (examples are closed waters around dams which are posted as safety precautions), taking fish on DNR lakes on closed days, taking game while unlawfully hunting with an electronic call, killing a turkey with a rifle, and shooting game within 300 yards of a poultry house. The application of item 33 is very broad and examples are given for clarification.

Item 33 applies to unlawfully taking game or fish in a way that is not specifically addressed by the Game and Fish Point System.

Reinstatement Fees: After serving a statutory, point system, bench warrant, or court ordered suspension, a person must pay a \$100 reinstatement fee to the Department of Natural Resources. After the mandatory suspension period, and receipt of the reinstatement fee, the department shall reinstate the privilege or license, permit, stamp, tag, or registration.

A person remains under suspension until the reinstatement fee is received by the SCDNR.

Table B: Coastal Fisheries

Saltwater points are assessed in two categories, recreational and commercial. Upon the accumulation of eighteen (18) or more points in a category, the privileges of that category will be suspended for one year. While under suspension for recreational activities, a person found guilty of a commercial violation of this chapter shall have all saltwater privileges suspended for one year. While under suspension for commercial activities, a person found guilty of a recreational violation shall have all saltwater privileges suspended for one year.

It is unlawful for a person whose commercial privileges are suspended under this chapter to be on board any vessel while the vessel is being utilized to take or attempt to take saltwater fish for commercial purposes

- Violations of law pertaining to crab size limit or sponge crabs 4
- 3. Violations of a section of Title 50 pertaining to saltwater fisheries not mentioned specifically in this section .6 (NOTE: This point assessment applies to all other convictions that *are not contained within* the point assessments herein, and any conviction of a violation of a coastal fisheries law will be assessed a minimum of 6 points)
- 5. Selling or offering for sale fish, shellfish, crustaceans, or other seafood or marine products without a proper license, permit, stamp, or tag8

| (b) more than one hundred yards |
|--|
| distance from the nearest point of the |
| General Trawling Zone during the |
| open season |
| (c) during the closed season18 |

- 10. Taking or attempting to take, fish, shellfish or crustaceans for a commercial purpose without a proper license, permit, or stamp or tag 10
- 12. Channel netting in an area closed to channel netting or during closed season for channel netting18
- 13. Applying for or obtaining any resident license as provided in this chapter using a falsified application or supporting documentation, or simultaneously possessing any current, valid South Carolina resident license as provided in this chapter while possessing any resident license from another state . . 18

Point System Suspensions and Appeals

Point system suspensions begin eleven (11) days after notice to the violator. A person who has been notified of a suspension may appeal the suspension to the Administrative Law Division. The request for appeals must be in writing and postmarked within ten (10) days of notification of the suspension. The appeal is limited to the validity of the points assessed and the identity of the violator. The Administrative Law Division cannot override a conviction and cannot allow a reduction of points unless the points are in error. To appeal a point suspension, write the S.C. Department of Natural Resources, Records and Intelligence Section, Law Enforcement Division, P.O. Box 167, Columbia, S.C., 29202 or call (803) 734-4002. There are no appeals for statutory suspensions.

Table C: Statutory Suspensions

Many laws pertaining to natural resources and boating have mandatory suspensions based upon convictions. These suspensions start upon conviction and run for specified times according to law. These suspensions will effect privileges and may effect licenses, permits, stamps, tags or registrations. Examples of violations for which suspensions are mandated include, but are not limited to:

- F. Boating under the influence 1 to 5 years;
- watercraft 6 months;
 I. Killing a Bald Eagle 5 years;
- J. Failure to pay fines or restitution
- suspended until payment is received K. Third (3) offense negligent
- operation of a watercraft ...6 months;
 L. Unlawful road hunting1 year;
- M. Bear violations 3 years;

The above listed violations are examples of statutory suspensions. Many more statutory suspensions exist with time periods ranging from 10 days to ten years of suspensions for certain violations and certain privileges.

Suspension Violations

Violation of suspension can add an additional three (3) to five (5) years to the original suspension date. In addition, some suspension violations require mandatory jail terms and may affect the right to own or be in possession of a firearm. Persons whose privileges are suspended are not eligible to hold license, permits, stamps, or tags. Purchase or procurement of licenses, permits, stamps, or tags while under suspension is a fraudulent purchase and is punishable by a fine up to \$1,025.00 and an additional one year suspension. To find out more information on a statutory suspension, contact the S.C. Department of Natural Resources, Records and Intelligence Section, Law Enforcement Division, P.O. Box 167, Columbia, S.C. 29202 or call (803) 734-0893.

Property Watch PROGRAM

The South Carolina Department of Natural Resources "Property Watch Program" is intended to provide assistance to landowners and lessees with property protection and to deter property right violations such as trespassing to hunt or fish.

To apply for the Property Watch Program, use the application on page 47 and send it to the address below. For more information, you can call the Law Enforcement Division at (803) 734-4002, visit the DNR web site at www.dnr.state.sc.us or write: SCDNR Law Enforcement, Property Watch Program, P.O. Box 167, Columbia, SC 29202.